## Book now out: Netcentric System of Systems Engineering with DEVSUnified Process, Francis & Taylor Group,CRC Press

Comprehensive book review in SCS Newsletter, by Dr. Bernard P. Zeigler

The DEVS Unified Process is based on an Open Systems concept. An open system is a dynamical system that can exchange energy, material and information with the outside world through its reconfigurable interfaces. An open system also possesses the capability to form complex hierarchical structures enabling them to compete and cooperate at the same time. In fact, the mechanism to reorganize in a hierarchical structure is one of the basic requirements to manage complexity. The open systems are also characterized by emerging behavior and evolving structure. These two facets are function of an open system's permeability to outside influence, inherited guidelines, ability to self-govern, and the degrees of synergistic efforts as it interacts with other systems and with its environment. In order to have an executable System of System, the framework must provide capabilities to model an open system. In addition, a process also needs to be defined that allows the development of an executable Open system. Much of an Open system development hinges on the variable structure capability within a component based system. The ability to add or remove hierarchical components, change connections between components and lastly, modify the behavior of a component as it evolves per its surroundings, is the desired characteristics of an open systems modeling framework. While the first two capabilities are structural in nature and have been documented in DEVS literature, the third one is behavioral modification at runtime. This capability is the most difficult to achieve. Using the latest advances in finite deterministic DEVS described as DEVS Domain specific Language in DEVSML 2.0 stack , runtime behavior modification in DEVS could be achieved. The DEVS open systems approach underlying the DEVS Unified Process gives it strong formal foundation to develop M&S complex systems software capable of designing emergent behaviors.

Service Oriented Architectures (SOA) present challenges to current model-based software engineering methodologies such as Rational Unified Process (RUP). In this effort, originally developed by Dr. Mittal in his doctoral research, a process called DEVS Unified Process (DUNIP) has been proposed. It uses the Discrete Event Systems Specification (DEVS) formalism as a basis for automated generation of models from various requirement specifications and their eventual realization as SOA collaborative services.

Experimental Frame				
Simulator				
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	All Statuto	Reading		
DS	iLs	Simulation Models to Web		
	2DEVSML, M2DEVS	DIVS/SDA Services/ DIVS Agents		
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Phase Model	Agile Methodology Identify the domain	DEVS Unified Process DUNIP begins by taking requirements in various		
	and business use-case requirements and	DSLs and through M2DEVS, M2M and		
	specify in DSLs such	FDDEVS specifications. It also constructs various		
	as UML, etc.	Experimental Frames from requirement specifications for later Verification and Validation		
		operations.		
Implementation	Transform your models into executable code	From PIMs, the DUNIP engine generates code in platform specific models (PSMs) such as Java,		
	with running unit-tests	C++, C# etc. With strong DEVS theory underlying		
		each atomic model, they can be mathematically verified. Unit-testing for each transition or an event		
Test	Therefore have a second	is inherent in DEVS. The development of Test-suite is done in parallel		
Test	quality and verify	with that of the DEVS PIM. The Test models verify		
	requirements	the atomic model's operation at various levels of system, specifications, such LO pair, LO function		
	DASE	anner Buolocissing		
Depoyn a	certa	With a peployment capabilities per model-		
	end users	control principles to SOA infrastructure, and zero transition times, the model is the actual		
Configuration	Managed access to	software is readily moved to the production servers DUNIP is very well positioned to reuse and		
Management	project artifacts	contribute to model repository. PIMs are strong		
_	Overvic	contenders for such tracking and version		
	Overvie	trangement. PSMs can very well be source versioned using tools like Subversion. These qualities are universal and due to the		
Project Management	iteralions and budget	opport and a see universal and due to the	or Integrated Development and Testing of Service Oriented	
		dian tan dependentition di hab tentre ayak and milestones	integrated Development and reating of Dervice Offented	
Arch	tectures	DEVS has been in existence for over 30 years and there is a large community support in basic theory		
-	tools are available for	and toolsets		
-	<sup>⊥</sup> "l"āble o	f Contents		
-	<ul> <li>Prototype Demonstration movie (.avi 200MB)</li> </ul>			